Supporting Information for

MOF-Derived Ni_{1-x}Co_x@Carbon with Tunable Nano-Micro Structure

as Lightweight and Highly Efficient Electromagnetic Wave Absorber

Lei Wang¹, Mengqiu Huang¹, Xuefeng Yu¹, Wenbin You¹, Jie Zhang¹, Xianhu Liu², Min Wang¹, Renchao Che^{1, *}

¹Laboratory of Advanced Materials, Department of Materials Science and Collaborative Innovation Center of Chemistry for Energy Materials (iChem), Fudan University, Shanghai 200438, People's Republic of China

²Key Laboratory of Materials Processing and Mold (Zhengzhou University), Ministry of Education, Zhengzhou 450002, People's Republic of China

*Corresponding author. E-mail: <u>rcche@fudan.edu.cn (</u>Renchao Che)

Supplementary Table and Figures

Sample	Size (um)	I_D/I_G	Ms (emu/g)
Ni@C	1.5~2	0.92	138.5
Ni _{0.8} Co _{0.2} @C	3	1.06	131.4
Ni _{0.5} Co _{0.5} @C	8	0.95	121.1
Ni _{0.2} Co _{0.8} @C	10	0.98	100.7
CoO@C	30	-	47.2

Table S1 Information of MOF-derived Ni1-xCox@Carbon composites



Fig. S1 XRD of obtained Ni1-xCox@Carbon composites



Fig. S2 Elements mapping distribution of (a) Ni@C, (b) Ni $_{0.8}$ Co $_{0.2}$ @C, (c) Ni $_{0.5}$ Co $_{0.5}$ @C, (d) Ni $_{0.2}$ Co $_{0.8}$ @C, and (e) CoO@C composites.



Fig. S3 Electromagnetic parameters (**a**, **c**) and microwave absorption (**b**, **d**) of obtained CoO@C composites at 25% and 40% mass adding, respectively



Fig. S4 Efficient absorption areas of (**a**, **e**) Ni@C, (**b**, **f**) Ni_{0.8}Co_{0.2}@C, (**c**, **g**) Ni_{0.5}Co_{0.5}@C, (**d**, **h**) and Ni_{0.2}Co_{0.8}@C composites at 25% and 40% mass adding, respectively



Fig. S5 Attenuation constant a of MOF-derived Ni1-xCox@C composites