Supporting Information for

# In-Situ Monitoring the Potassium Ion Storage Enhancement in Iron

## Selenide with Ether-Based Electrolyte

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## **Supplementary Tables and Figures**

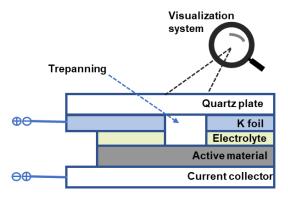


Fig. S1 Detail testing schematic of in-situ visualization

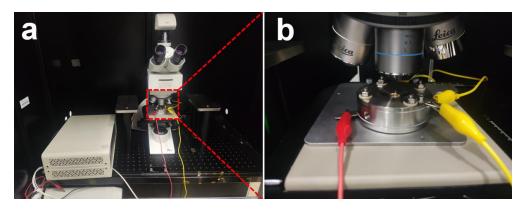
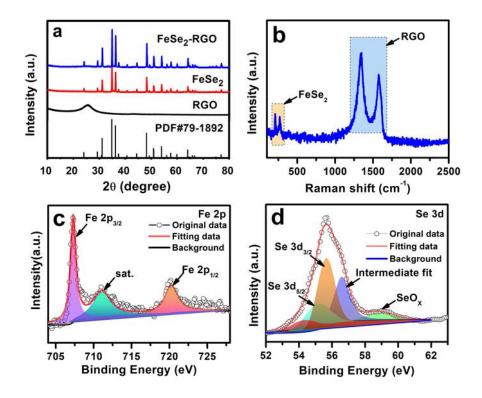
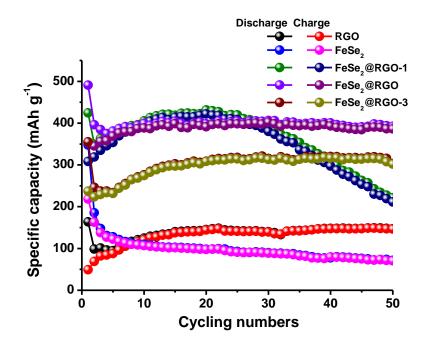


Fig. S2 Photograph of in-situ visualization testing system

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**Fig. S3** (a) XRD patterns of RGO, FeSe<sub>2</sub> and FeSe<sub>2</sub>@RGO; (b) Raman spectrum of FeSe<sub>2</sub>@RGO; (c) Fe 2p and (d) Se 3d XPS spectra of FeSe<sub>2</sub>@RGO



**Fig. S4** Cycling performance of RGO, FeSe<sub>2</sub>, FeSe<sub>2</sub>@RGO-1, FeSe<sub>2</sub>@RGO and FeSe<sub>2</sub>@RGO-3 with DME-based electrolyte at a current density of 100 mA g<sup>-1</sup>

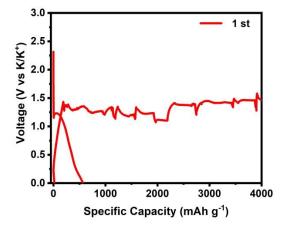


Fig. S5 GCD curves of FeSe<sub>2</sub>-RGO electrode using DME- 1 based electrolyte

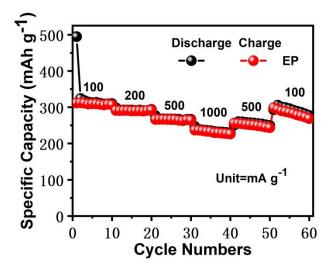


Fig. S6 Rate performance of FeSe<sub>2</sub>-RGO electrode using EP-based electrolyte

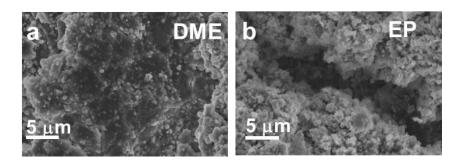
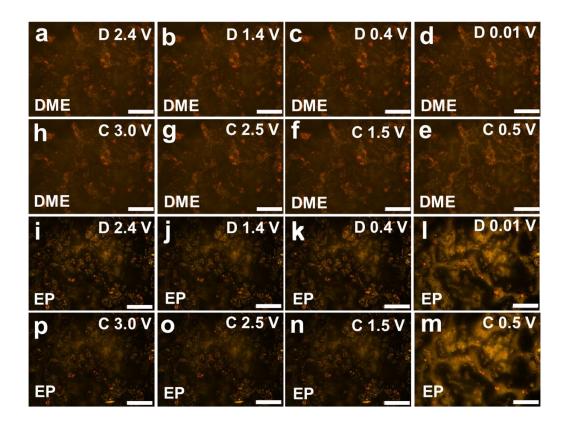
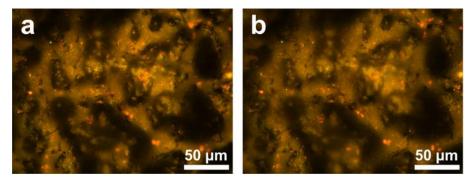


Fig. S7 SEM images of electrode in (a) DME-based and (b) EP-based electrolytes after cycles



**Fig. S8** In situ visualization: (**a-h**) different potassiation-depotassiation states of FeSe<sub>2</sub>@RGO electrode using DME-based electrolyte in the second cycle; (**i-p**) different potassiation-depotassiation states of FeSe<sub>2</sub>@RGO electrode using EP-based electrolyte in the second cycle. The scale bar in each image is 50 μm.



**Fig. S9** In situ visualization of FeSe<sub>2</sub>@RGO electrode using EP-based electrolyte: (**a**) charging to 0.38 V in the first cycle; (**b**) charging to 0.12 V in the second cycle. It is found that huge morphological change in this state, indicating the appearance of inhomogeneous expansion.

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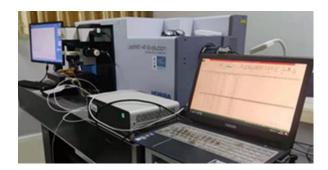


Fig. S10 Photograph of the practical in-situ Raman spectra testing system

**Video S1** In-situ visualization of FeSe<sub>2</sub>@RGO electrode using DME-based electrolyte in initial two cycles.

**Video S2** In-situ visualization of FeSe<sub>2</sub>@RGO electrode using EP-based electrolyte in initial two cycles.