#### Nano-Micro Letters

Supporting Information for

# Precise Thermoplastic Forming of Graphene Oxide Layered Solid by

## **Polymer Intercalation**

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# **Supplementary Figures**



**Fig. S1** Characterization data of GO sheets, GO film and Pi-GOS. (**a-b**) SEM images and size distribution of GO sheets with lateral size around 14.4  $\mu$ m. (**c-d**) XPS spectra for full elements (**c**) and C1s (**d**) of GO film, divided into the four peaks: C=C skeleton and many oxygen-containing peaks (C-O, C=O and O-C=O). (**e-f**) XPS spectra for full elements (**e**) and C1s (**f**) of Pi-GOS (50% PVA), divided into the five peaks: C=C and C-C skeleton and many oxygen-containing peaks (C-O, C=O and O-C=O).



Fig. S2 The SEM images of Pi-GOS with lamellar structure.



Fig. S3 The illustration of the polymer intercalating process and lamellar structures.



Template

GO / polymer composite film

Fig. S4 Demonstration of the formability of Pi-GOS with different kinds of polymer.
(a) SEM image of template. (b-d) The surface patterns on Pi-GOS composed of PVA
(b), PEG (c) and PVP (d).



**Fig. S5** XRD patterns of (a) Pi-GOS with different PVA contents, (b) the peak shift between pure GO film and composite film (80% PVA), (c) pure GO film and (d) Pi-GOS (50% PVA) now and after three months.



Fig. S6 Typical stress-strain curves of (a) Pi-GOS with different *d*-spacing, (b) pure GO film under different temperature and (c) Pi-GOS (d = 1.4 nm) under room temperature before and after annealing treatment.



Fig. S7 The forming Pi-GOS with different Gauss curvatures.



Fig. S8 Summary of stiffness of shells with different Gauss curvatures.



Fig. S9 Simple surface patterns on Pi-GOS through micro imprinting: (a-c) SEM images; (d-f) 3D-profile images.



Fig. S10 Complex surface patterns on Pi-GOS through micro imprinting: (a-c) SEM images; (d-f) 3D-profile images.

![](_page_5_Figure_2.jpeg)

Fig. S11 Raman spectra of pure GO and PVA film and Pi-rGOS before and after imprinted.

![](_page_6_Figure_0.jpeg)

**Fig. S12** Structure and properties characterization of GF and GLS. (**a**) The SEM images of GF (top) and GLS (bottom) with lamellar structure. (**b-d**) Electric and thermal conductivity (**b**), Raman spectrum (**c**) and XRD patterns (**d**) of GF and GLS.

![](_page_6_Figure_2.jpeg)

Fig. S13 Comparison of (a) thermal and (b) electric conductivity of our produced materials with other similar films in the literatures.

![](_page_7_Figure_0.jpeg)

**Fig. S14** The morphing behavior of Pi-rGOS. (**a**) Curves of bending angle, curvature and normalized length versus the immersing time. (**b-c**) Schematic illustration and digital images of the folding process of an artificial flower assembled from the imprinted Pi-rGOS immersing in water.

![](_page_8_Figure_0.jpeg)

**Fig. S15** Apparent contact angle variation of a water droplet on imprinted membrane with positive bias of 0, 5, and 10 V respectively.

![](_page_8_Figure_2.jpeg)

**Fig. S16** Water droplet transportation response with imprinted membrane electrodes as both anode and cathode: without bias (top); the top film electrode as anode (bottom). The water droplet can be pumped from cathode to anode side by the effect of voltage while stays stable with no bias applied.

#### **Supplementary References**

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